

U.D.S. Pty Limited T/As

Universal Dry Cleaning Solutions

3 SPIRETON PLACE

PENDLE HILL NSW 2145

AUSTRALIA

MATERIAL SAFETY DATA SHEET

Product Name DIBUTYL PHTHALATE

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

Supplier Name Universal Dry Cleaning Solutions Pty Ltd

Address 3 Spireton Place Pendle Hill NSW 2145

 Telephone
 02 9688 2022

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 02 9688 2044

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 1800 201 700

Email consumables@udcs.com.au

Web Site http://www.universaldrycleaningsolutions.com.au

Synonym(s) NOT APPLICABLE • SUBSTANCE # 000032002401

Use(s) Softening agent for Vinyl Suede

MSDS Date 28 October 2013

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE ACCORDING TO SWA AUSTRALIA

RISK PHRASES

R50 Very Toxic to Aquatic Organisms (Repr. Cat 2)

R61 May Cause Harm to Unborn Child R62 Possible risk of impaired fertility

SAFETY PHRASES

S36/37 Wear suitable protective clothing & gloves

S53 Avoid Exposure. Obtain special instructions before use.

S45 In case of accident or if you feel unwell, seek medical advice immediately (show the label whenever possible.)

S61 Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

UN No. 3082 DG Class 9 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated

Packing Group III Hazchem Code 3Z EPG 8A1

3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Ingredient	Formula	CAS No.	Content
DIBUTYL PHTHALATE		84-74-2	100%

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

Eye If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush the eye continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop

by the Poison Information Centre or a doctor, or for at least 20 minutes.

Skin If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with soap & running water.

Continue flushing with water until advised to stop by the Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Inhalation If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing.

Ingestion For advice, contact a Poison Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do

not induce vomiting.

Advice to Doctor Treat symptomatically. No Know specific antidote.

5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flammability Combustible liquid.

Precautions for Fire Fighters Fire fighters to wear self-contained breathing apparatus & suitable protective clothing if risk of

exposure to vapor or products of combustion.

Extinguishing Fine Water Spray, normal foam, dry agent (carbon dioxide, dry chemical powder).

Hazchem Code 3Z

6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Emergency Procedures: Clear area of all unprotected personnel. If contamination of sewers or waterways has occurred advise local emergency services.

Methods & Materials for Containment & Clean Up: Slippery when spilt. Avoid accidents, clean up immediately. Wear protective

equipment to prevent skin & eye contact and breathing in vapors. Work up wind or increase ventilation. Contain – Prevent run off into drains & waterways. Use absorbent (soil, sand or other inert material). Collect & seal in properly labeled containers or drums for disposal. For large amounts, pump off product.

7. STORAGE AND HANDLING

CLASSIFIED as a C2 (COMBUSTIBLE LIQUID) for the purpose of storage & handling, in accordance with the requirements od AS 1940. Refer to state Regulations for storage & transport requirements.

Storage Store in cool, dry, well ventilated area & out of direct sun light. Removed from sources of ignition, incompatibles

materials described in Section 10. Ensure containers are adequately labeled, protected from physical damage and

sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills.

Handling Use in a well ventilated area. Avoid breathing in spray or mists or vapours. Avoid skin or eye contact. Do not use near

welding or other ignition sources and avoid sparks.

8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/ PERSONAL PROTECTION

Dibutyl phthalate: 8hr TWA-5 mg/m3 As published by the national OH&S Commission.

TWA-The time-weighted average airborne concentration over an eight hour working day, for a five day working week over an entire working life.

DIBUTYL PHTHALATE REVISION: 1 The exposure standards are guides to be used in the control of occupational hazards. All atmospheric contamination should be kept to as low a level as is possible. These exposure standards should not be used as fine dividing lines between safe & dangerous concentrations of chemicals. They are not a measure of relative toxicity.

Biological Limits No biological limit allocated.

Engineering

Controls Ensure adequate natural ventilation. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

PPE Wear splash-proof goggles and PVC or rubber gloves. Overalls, Safety Shoes & rspirator.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance COLOURLESS LIQUID Solubility (Water) SOLUBLE IN MOST ORGANIC SOLVENTS

OdourFAINTSpecific Gravity1.0465@20C

Ph (neat) 11.0 – 12.0 Volatiles NOT AVAILABLE

Vapour Pressure <0.1 HpA @ 20C Flammability 0.5% v (167C, 5.5 HpA), 1.8% v (195.3C, 18.7 HpA).

Vapour Density NOT AVAILABLE Flash Point 1880

Boiling Point 180-186C (7 MBAR) Upper Explosion Limit NOT RELEVANT

Melting Point -69C (Pour point) Lower Explosion Limit NOT RELEVANT

Evaporation Rate NOT AVAILABLE

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Chemical Stability NO INFORMATION AVAILABLE

Conditions to

Avoid

NONE KNOWN

Material to Avoid Incompatible with STRONG oxidizing agents.

Decomposition NO HAZARDOUS DECOMPOSITION PRODUCTS IF STORED AND HANDLED CORRECTLY.

Hazardous

Reactions Reacts with STRONG oxidizing agents

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Health Hazard Corrosive. This product has the potential to cause acute and chronic health effects with over exposure. Upon dilution,

the potential for adverse health effects will be reduced markedly. Use safe work practices to avoid direct eye or skin

contact and vapour/mist inhalation.

Eye Maybe an eye irritant.

Inhalation Material may be irritant to the mucous membranes of the respiratory tract (airways).

Skin Contact with skin may result in irritation.

Ingestion Ingestion may result in nausea, vomiting and abdominal pain and diarrhea.

Toxicity Data Acute toxicity (Ammonium hydroxide).

DIBUTYL PHTHALATE REVISION: 1 Oral LD50 (rat): 6300mg/kg Dermal LD50 (rabbit): >4000mg/kg Inhalation LC50 (rat): >15mg/L/4h

Skin: non irritant (rabbit) Eyes: non irritant (rabbit)

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ecotoxicity Avoid contaminating waterways

Persistence / Degradability Phthalate esters undergo>50% ultimate degradation within 28days in standardized aerobic

biodegradation tests with sewage sludge inocula. Biodegradation is expected to be the dominant loss mechanism in surface waters, soils and sediments. Inhibition of degradation activity in activated sludge is not to be anticipated during correct introduction of low concentrations.

Mobility Not available

Bioaccumulative Potential Not available

Environment Protection Do not allow product to enter drains, waterways or sewers.

Log Octanol/Water Partition

Coefficient

4.6-4.9

48hr EC50 (Daphnia Magna) 3.4 mg/L

96hr LC50 (fish) 092mg/L (Pimephales Promelas)

13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Disposal For small amounts, absorb with sand, vermiculite or similar and dispose of to an approved landfill site. For larger

amounts, contact the manufacturer for additional information. Prevent contamination of drains or waterways as

aquatic life may be threatened and environmental damage may result.

Legislation Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE

Shipping Name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (DIBUTYL PHTHALATE)

UN No. 3082 DG Class 9 Subsidiary Risk(s) None Allocated Packing Group III Hazchem Code 3Z EPG NOT AVAILABLE

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

Poison Schedule NONE ALLOCATED

AICS All chemicals listed on the Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS).

16. OTHER INFORMATION

Additional Information CERHR (2002). Centre for the Evaluation od Risks to Human Reproduction. Phthalate esters. Available on the internet. Supplier Material Safety Data Sheet:02/2009

HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:

Available Evidence from Animal studies indicate that repeated or prolonged exposure to this material could result in effects on the reproductive system.

PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:

The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this UDS report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

Report Status

This Material Safety Data Sheet document has been compiled by Universal dry Cleaning Solutions. Further clarification regarding any aspect of this product should contact UDS. While UDS Detergents has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this MSDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible UDS accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this MSDS.

End of Report

Prepared By

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